The EoL Care Concept and EoL Service in RCHE

Dr CK Wong Geriatric Dept, Ruttonjee Hopsital DNR/DNACPR

• PC

EoL

WHO Definition of Palliative Care

- Palliative care is an approach that improves the quality of life of patients and their families facing the problem associated with life-threatening illness, through the prevention and relief of suffering by means of early identification and impeccable assessment and treatment of pain and other problems, physical, psychosocial and spiritual. Palliative care: provides relief from pain and other distressing symptoms.
- Effective symptom control is paramount in providing good palliative care.

• End of Life: Helping With Comfort and Care hopes to make the unfamiliar territory of death slightly more comfortable for everyone involved.

U.S. National institute of Health

National Institute on Aging ■ ◆ ¥ *

Three triggers for Supportive/Palliative Care

- Prognostic Indicator Guidance Paper- National Gold Standards
 Framework Centre England 2005 Date: Sept 2008
- 1. The surprise question "Would you be surprised if this patient were to die in the next 6-12 months'- an intuitive question integrating co-morbidity, social and other factors. If you would not be surprised, then what measures might be taken to improve their quality of life now and in preparation for the dying stage. The surprise question can be applied to years/months/weeks/days and trigger the appropriate actions enabling the right thing to happen at the right time eg if days. Then begin a Care Pathway for the Dying.

- 2. Choice/ Need The patient with advanced disease makes a choice for comfort care only, not 'curative' treatment, or is in special need of supportive / palliative care eg refusing renal transplant.
- 3. Clinical indicators Specific indicators of advanced disease for each of the three main end of life patient groups cancer, organ failure, elderly frail/ dementia.

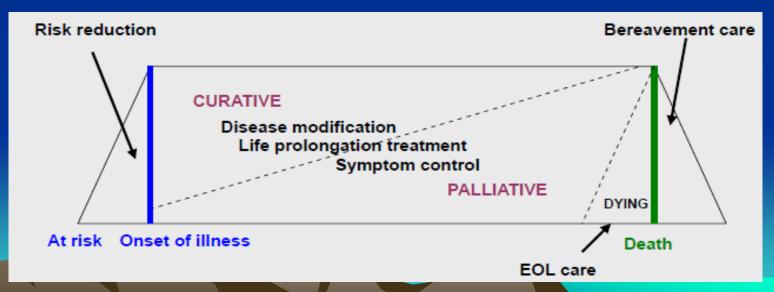
Experience Sharing

From Do-not-Resuscitation Order to End-of-Life Care for the Elders in the Department of Geriatrics RHTSK (老人科晚程關顧服務)

End-of-Life Care Team
Ruttonjee & Tang Shiu Kin Hospitals

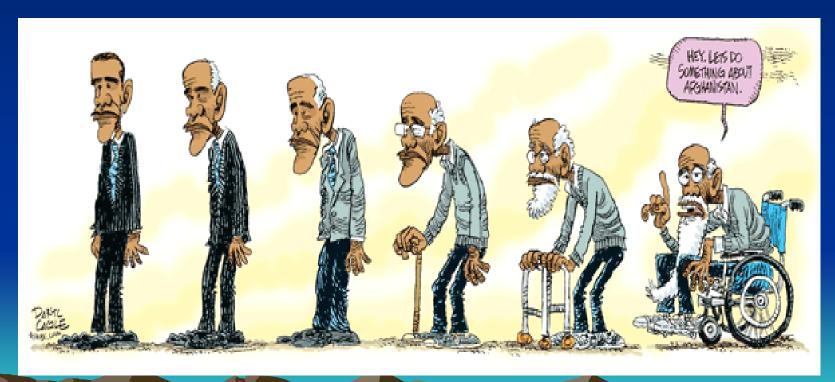
Why EoL service in geriatric unit??

- Deaths are commonly happened in geriatrics ward due to terminal non-cancer chronic illnesses. (Hong Kong College of Physicians, 2008; Hospital Authority, 2009)
- Palliative care in Hong Kong mainly focused on providing end of life services to cancer patients.



We need EoL care!!

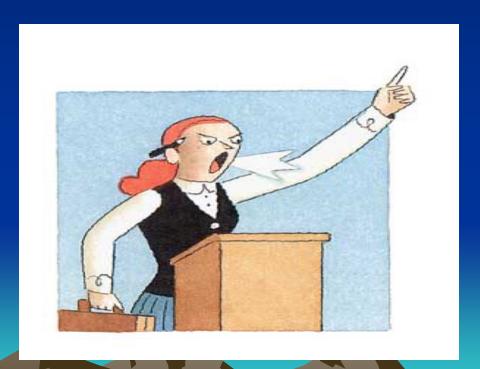
People aged ≥ 65 will increase by 30% to 1.13 million in 2016. Aged ≥ 80 increase more dramatic at 43% over the same time period



The Figure. Course of disease and health care needs (Adapted from WHO, 2007)

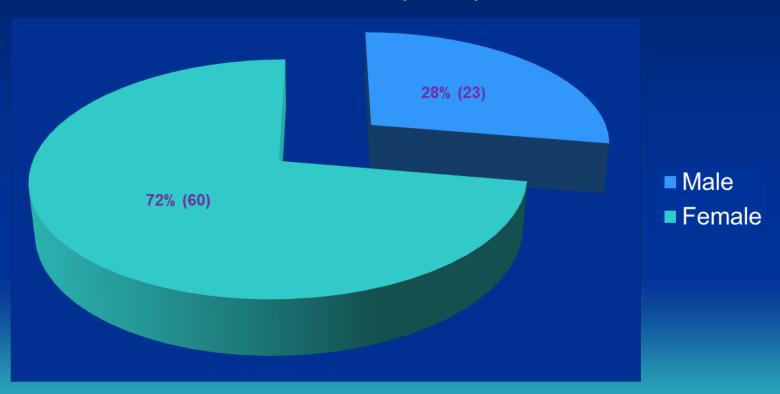
Result

- After 18 months trial from June 11 Dec 2012
- A total of 101 referral but only 83 cases recruited



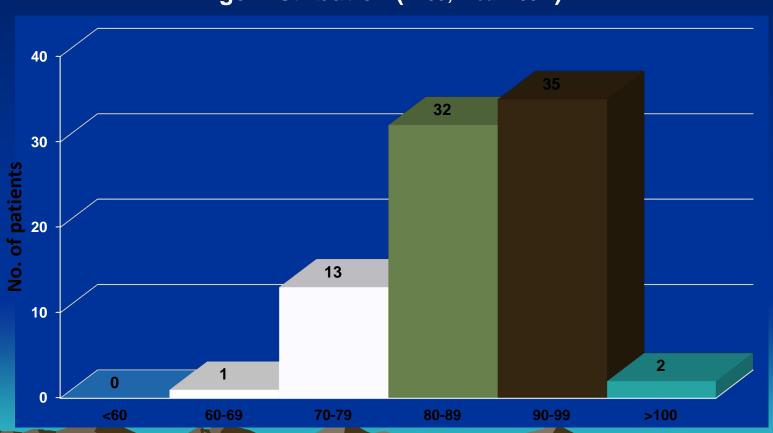
Result

Gender (n=83)



Result

Age Distribution (n=83; mean=83.4)



Enhancement of CGAT Service for End of Life (EOL) Care in Residential Care Homes for the Elderly (RCHEs)

Overview

- > 13 CGATs covering ~ 640 RCHEs (53,000 residents)
- ~ 8,100 residents died in M&G wards per year
 (~ 15% of residents in RCHEs covered by CGATs)
- Significant increase in utilization of hospital services by residents in the last few months of life

Current Situation



Patients receive "routine" acute

interventions •

- CPR
- Tube feeding
- Inotropes
- Mechanical ventilation
- IV antibiotics

Enhancement of CGAT Service for EOL Care in RCHEs



Enhanced CGAT support

- ✓ Advance Care Planning (ACP)
- ✓ Patient: symptom control and psychosocial support
- ✓ Support and training to RCHE

CGAT coordination

Provision of need-based timely services in appropriate setting

ACP adherence

- Symptom control
- Supportive treatments
- Psychological & spiritual support

Enhancement of CGAT service for End-of-Life (EOL) care in Residential Care Homes for the elderly (RCHE)

- HKEC CGAT was set up in 1993
- Provide on site medical care to RCHES in HKEC
- Cover 80 homes: 13 sub-vented home vs. 67 private homes
- ~ 5660 residents
- Pilot program started in 01/2014 in 2 private homes
- Formal program started in 10/2015
- Total 39 homes joined the program (49%)





Referral letter

RUTTONJEE TANG SHIU KIN HOSPITAL HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT OF GERIATRICS End-of-Life Care Services Referral Form Please put a tick 'V' in the appropriate boxes.	Please Affix Gum Label or Use Block Letters Name:
PATIENT FROM: CGAT (Patient is under CGAT Care) CGAT Code: CG Please fax referral form to: 2291 1064 Remarks: Please call pager no.: for enquiry.	☐ In Patient * Please fax referral form to: 2893 1209 * Remarks: Please call 2291 1320 for enquiry.
REASON(S) FOR REFERRAL	
Mandatory Criteria: Fulfil 'surprise question' with expected less than 6 Initial verbal consent from patient / relative Major Indication(s): 1) End-stage chronic disease (please specify))
2) Late stage of dementia / neurodegenerative dise	ease / frailty
3) Recurrent admissions (≥ 2 within 6 months) 4) HA DNACPR form alrealy signed for hospitali 5) Advanced care planning initiated, for follow up 6) Others	
With underlying condition(s): a) Require symptoms control e.g. pain, shortness of b) End stage leg ulcer / extensive poor pressure so c) c) Feeding problem / Poor oral intake / Refused or d) Emotional stress – patient and / or relative Remark:	re for conservative treatment ral feeding
Referred by:	
(Rank / Name)	(Signature)(Date)

Documentations

RUTTONJEE TANG SHIU KIN "		(中文)
		ID No.:
HOSPITAL HOSPITAL	Address:	
Advance Care Planning (ACP)		Te1 No.:
Initial Discussion Record	Next of Kin:	
Illitial Discussion Record	Tel No.:	PNH Code:
Important information about ACP ACP is not a DNA CPR or	Advance Directive or	lor
ACP is a communication process between health car		
the choice of care that will be considered appropria		,
This ACP document provides information to health of	care team about patient's an	d/or family's wishes.
 Residential care home staff Please keep original ACP document in CGAT file 		
Please bring original ACP, DNA CPR (non-hospital)) document (if available), Adv	ance Directive (if available)
when patient attends emergency (AED) or being		
➤ Hospital staff		
The final treatment decision will be based on the Please kindly return ACP document, DNA CPR (no		
available) to residential care home staff/patient/f		
Family member(s) involved in ACP discussion		
Name: Relationship with pa	tient:	
Contact phone no:	uent.	
Remark: family member representative(s) agree to infor		
Patient involved in ACP discussion. □Yes □No, patie	nt has significant cognitive in	pairment
Doctor and nurse responsible for the ACP discussion		
<u> </u>		
Name of doctor:		
Name of doctor:		
Name of doctor:	Date:	
Name of doctor:	Date:	
Name of doctor:	Date:	
Name of doctor: Title:	Date:	
Name of doctor:	Date:	
Name of doctor:	Date: Date:	
Name of doctor:	Date: Date:	
Name of doctor:	Date:	ress and possible treatment
Name of doctor:	Date:	ress and possible treatment
Name of doctor:	Date: Date: and foreseeable disease progion and the treatment option	ress and possible treatment as in end of life.
Name of doctor:	Date: Date: and foreseeable disease progion and the treatment option	ress and possible treatment as in end of life. ends, familiar activities,
Name of doctor:	Date: Date: and foreseeable disease progion and the treatment option	ress and possible treatment as in end of life. ends, familiar activities,
Name of doctor:	Date: Date: and foreseeable disease progion and the treatment option	ress and possible treatment as in end of life. ends, familiar activities,
Name of case nurse (optional):	Date: Date: and foreseeable disease progion and the treatment option	ress and possible treatment as in end of life. ends, familiar activities,
Name of doctor: Title: Name of case nurse (optional): Patient / family aware of the possible disease progress Values and beliefs: What are the things that matter most independence, able to communicate with others, spiritual	Date: Date: and foreseeable disease proguion and the treatment option to patient? (e.g. family & fri	ress and possible treatment as in end of life. ends, familiar activities, cultural beliefs etc).
Name of doctor:	Date: Date: and foreseeable disease proguion and the treatment option to patient? (e.g. family & fri	ress and possible treatment as in end of life. ends, familiar activities, cultural beliefs etc).
Name of doctor:	Date: Date: and foreseeable disease proguion and the treatment option to patient? (e.g. family & fri	ress and possible treatment as in end of life. ends, familiar activities, cultural beliefs etc).

	g care: What elements of care are important when near the end of life stage? (e.g. comfort care, curative utritional care, psychological care, spiritual care, family support, social support etc).
Any sp	ecific treatments and care patient would or would not want near the end of life stage?
1. DN	NA CPR and Advance Directive
□No	☐ Yes Advance directive (HA-short / HA-Long Form*) signed on:
	☐ Yes DNACPR for non-hospitalized (HA Form) patient/family* signed on:
□ A	tificial enteral feeding (e.g. nasogastric tube) ccept nasogastric tube insertion when needed. refer not to insert nasogastric tube, use comfort feeding only. annot decide at this moment. To discuss again when reaching that stage. ks:
☐ Yes	e of intravenous or subcutaneous hydration s, for IV or SC drip when needed. efer not to put in IV or SC drip Keep comfortable only. efer SC over IV drip if parenteral hydration needed. nnot decide at this moment. To discuss again when reaching that stage. ks:
☐ Acc	e of antibiotics cept IV antibiotics when needed. not accept IV antibiotics. Prefer oral antibiotics if needed. nnot decide at this moment. To discuss again when reaching that stage. ks:
☐ Acc	e of non-invasive positive pressure ventilation (NIPPV) (e.g. CPAP, BIPAP) cept for non-invasive ventilation when needed. not accept the use of NIPPV. Prefer to be kept comfortable only. not decide at this moment. To discuss again when reaching that stage. ke-

ACP review schedule and documentation To be reviewed every 3 months or when patient/family wish to review Doctor's name ACP change NO. Signature □ No ☐ Yes (Fill in ACP Review Record) □ No ☐ Yes (Fill in ACP Review Record) □ No ☐ Yes (Fill in ACP Review Record) □ No ☐ Yes (Fill in ACP Review Record) □ No ☐ Yes (Fill in ACP Review Record) □ No ☐ Yes (Fill in ACP Review Record) □ No ☐ Yes (Fill in ACP Review Record) □ No ☐ Yes (Fill in ACP Review Record)

Documentations

Do Not Attempt CPR (DNACPR) Form for Non-Hospitalized Patients 非住院病人「不作心肺復甦術」文件 nosis: ne date of signing Part IV of the Form, we, the doct se fill out either paragraph (A) or paragraph (B) be an adult with an advance directive (AD): ascertained that the AD with a refusal of cardiopulm (date) is valid, and by certify that this patient's clinical condition is that is terminally ill, is in irreversible coma or persistent vegetative state, has other end-stage irreversible life limiting conditioning to the AD, if this patient's condition falls will seform cardiopulmonary arrest, neither artificial services.	onary resuscitation (CPR) signed by this patient specified in the AD namely (please tick), he/she					
ne date of signing Part IV of the Form, we, the doct se fill out either paragraph (A) or paragraph (B) by an adult with an advance directive (AD): ascertained that the AD with a refusal of cardiopulm (date) is valid, and by certify that this patient's clinical condition is that is terminally ill, is in irreversible coma or persistent vegetative state, has other end-stage irreversible life limiting condition falls with the AD, if this patient's condition falls with from cardiopulmonary arrest, neither artificial of the AD.	onary resuscitation (CPR) signed by this patient specified in the AD namely (please tick), he/she					
se fill out either paragraph (A) or paragraph (B) be an adult with an advance directive (AD): ascertained that the AD with a refusal of cardiopulm (date) is valid, and by certify that this patient's clinical condition is that is terminally ill, is in irreversible coma or persistent vegetative state, has other end-stage irreversible life limiting condition falls with from cardiopulmonary arrest, neither artificial is seen and the cardiopulmonary arrest, neither artificial is seen artificial is seen and the cardiopulmonary arrest, neither artificial is seen artificial is seen and the cardiopulmonary arrest, neither artificial is seen artificia	onary resuscitation (CPR) signed by this patient specified in the AD namely (please tick), he/she					
(date) is valid, and by certify that this patient's clinical condition is that is terminally ill, is in irreversible coma or persistent vegetative state, has other end-stage irreversible life limiting conditio dding to the AD, if this patient's condition falls will from cardiopulmonary arrest, neither artificial	specified in the AD namely (please tick), he/she					
is terminally ill, is in irreversible coma or persistent vegetative state, has other end-stage irreversible life limiting conditio dding to the AD, if this patient's condition falls will from cardiopulmonary arrest, neither artificial	n:, and					
rillation should be given.						
For a mentally incompetent adult without a valid AD or a minor:						
has irreversible loss of major cerebral function and	extremely poor functional status,					
this patient's current clinical condition and advance care planning (ACP) have been discussed: (please tick)						
between the healthcare team looking after this patient and the family of this patient (who is a mentally incompetent adult)						
minor)	ent and the parent(s) of this patient (who is a					
and that						
ment has been reached that if this patient suffers f patient's best interests that neither artificial ventila rillation should be given.						
	atient's current clinical condition and advance care tick) between the healthcare team looking after this patie mentally incompetent adult) between the healthcare team looking after this patie minor) hat ment has been reached that if this patient suffers for					

Relationship with patient :_



Do Not Attempt CPR (DNACPR) Form for Non-Hospitalized Patients 非住院病人「不作心肺復甦術 文件

_	
	Please Use Block Letter or Affix Label
	SOPD / Hospital No. :
	Name:
ı	I.D. No: Sex Age
	Dept: Team: Ward/Bed: /

III. Reminder:

- 1. Before withholding CPR, the Accident and Emergency team attending to this patient should ascertain that the decision to withhold CPR remains valid and unchanged, and that this patient's condition when presented to the team falls within this form. If in doubt (e.g. whether or not CPR is still in this patient's best interests), or if foul play, accident or untoward event is suspected, CPR should be given to this
- 2. The original form should be kept with the patient and presented to the\ Accident and Emergency team.

Ooctor:	Specialist doctor:	Department:
(Doctor's name)	(Doctor's name)	Hospital:
(Signature)	(Signature)	Hospital/Department Chop:
late:	Date:	是(当 用名意报报者人并告现者)。

V. Reviewed & endorsed by (the form will be ineffective if not endorsed within the review period):

	Review date	Doctor's name	Signature	Department / Hospital
Review period* 6 months,				
or less atmonths				

DNACPR FORM FOR NON-HOSPITALIZED PATIENTS

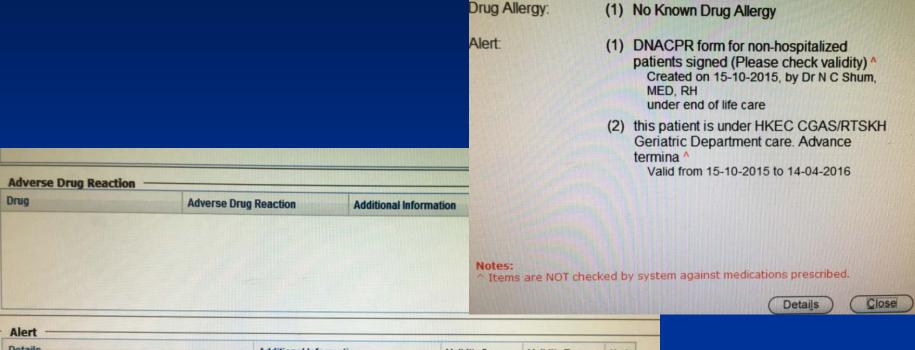
Page 2 of 2

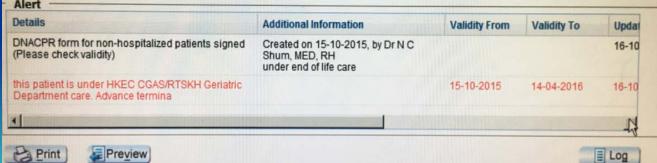
DNACPR FORM FOR NON-HOSPITALIZED

PATIENTS 1

^{*} If a review period shorter than 6 months is indicated, please cross out "6 months" and fill in the period in the space provided.

CMS Alert

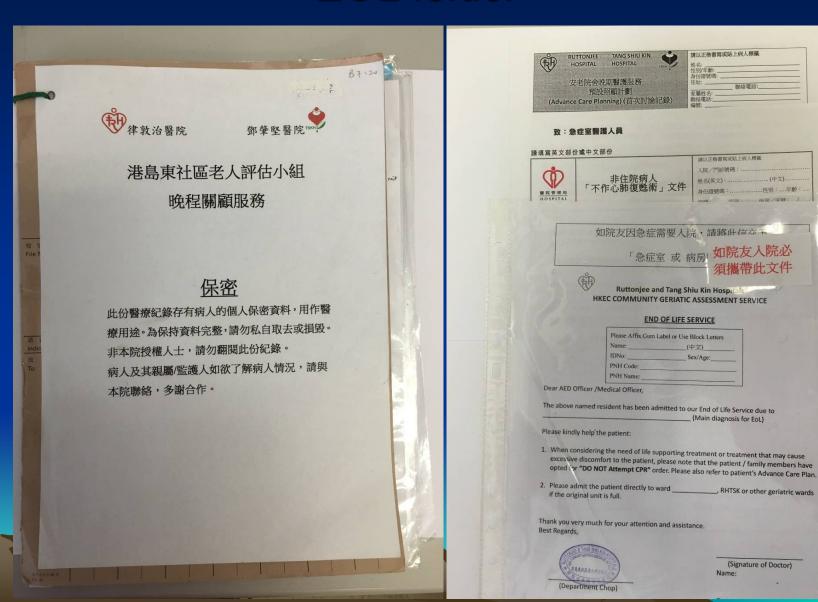




Disclaimer:

Please note that record in RED and MILD severity of ADR records are NOT subjected to system checking against medication(s) pre

EOL folder



Operations





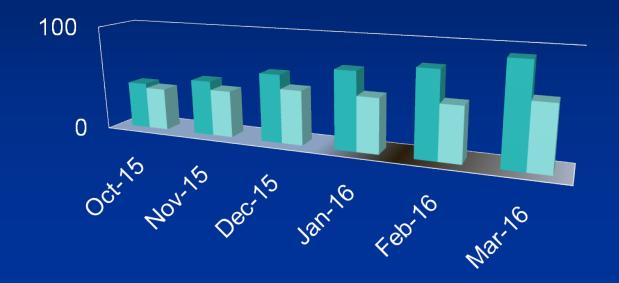


Condolence Card



	Oct- 15	Nov -15	Dec- 15	Jan-16	Feb- 16	Mar-16
EOL case	44	52	64	73	80	93
Active case	40	44	51	51	51	60
CGAT attendances	99	234	355	556	720	902

Monthly EOL recruitment record

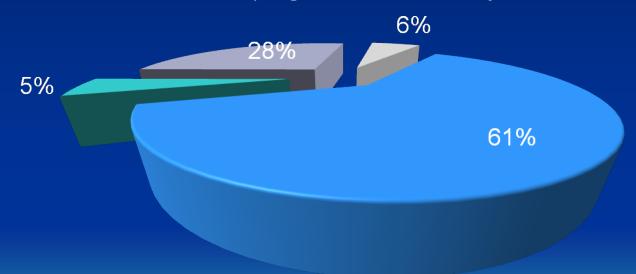


	Oct-15	Nov-15	Dec-15	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16
■ EOL case	44	52	64	73	80	93
■ Active case	40	44	51	51	51	60

No of RCHE jointed EOL program

▼ POAH recruited

- SOAH recruited
- OAH refuse EOL program SOAH not yet decided





Thank You